Health partners responding to chicken pox outbreak in Cox’s Bazar

Cox’s Bazar, Bangladesh, 15 January 2019 – Responding to an outbreak of chicken pox in the Rohingya refugee camps, health sector partners led by the Ministry of Health and World Health Organization have stepped up surveillance and initiated measures to curtail further spread of the disease and prevent any complications.

“Clinicians and health workforce are being trained for identifying chicken pox cases early, and efforts are on to promote preventive measures. Surveillance has been further beefed up in the Rohingya camps,” said Dr Bardan Jung Rana WHO Representative to Bangladesh.

As of 13 January, 832 Rohingya refugees living in Cox’s Bazar camps, have been confirmed with chicken pox, since December 2018. Out of which 51% were reported from Ukhaia and 49% from Teknaf, with 39% under the age of 5 and 61% above this age. One three-year-old child with chicken pox has died due to causes not directly related to the disease.

Chicken pox, also known as Varicella, is an acute, highly contagious disease caused by varicella zoster virus, usually during childhood. It’s a self-limiting disease, but severe complications may arise such as secondary bacterial infections in children, and pneumonia in adults.

“Refresher trainings for clinicians and health workers are being conducted to ensure timely diagnosis and referrals to prevent complications” said Dr. Mohammad Abdul Matin, Civil Surgeon, Cox’s Bazar District.

Health and non-health volunteers as well as religious leaders are being engaged to enable communities identify symptoms as well as take precautionary measures to prevent further spread of the disease.

Led by the Civil Surgeon, a team from Ministry of Health (MoH), World Health Organization and other health sector partners are taking all possible measures to curtail the outbreak.

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