The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development heralds a new era for global public health, offering the opportunity to strive for a global development agenda of unprecedented scope and ambition. How “Health” is conceptualized in SDGs?

Health System Strengthening
(Health workforce, Medical products, Vaccines, Legal frameworks, Research and development, Health financing, Capacity – Early warning, Risk reduction and Management of health risks)

Health Targets in SDGs

How “Health” is interlinked with other SDGs?

Goal 3
Promote healthy lives and wellbeing at all ages for all

Risk factors for health (direct effect on health)
- Food security and nutrition
- Water and sanitation
- Energy

Determinants of health (indirect effect on health)
- Poverty
- Education
- Gender equality
- Economic growth and employment

Universal Health Coverage
(Essential health services, Coverage, Equity, Social Protection)

SDGs: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

Target 3.8: Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services, medicines and vaccines for all

Health SDGs & Nepal Health Sector Strategy 2015-2020

Health SDG areas

MGD unfinished and expanded agenda
1.1: Reduce maternal mortality
1.2: End preventable newborn and child deaths
1.3: End the epidemics of HIV, TB, malaria and NTDs and combat hepatitis, water-borne and other communicable diseases
1.4: Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services

New SDGI targets
3.4: Reduce mortality from NCD and promote mental health
3.5: Strengthen prevention and treatment of substance abuse
3.6: Halve global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents
3.7: Reduce deaths from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination

SDG2 means of implementation targets
3.a: Strengthen implementation of framework convention on tobacco control
3.b: Provide access to medicines and vaccines for all support R&D in medicines and vaccines for all increase health financing and health workforce in developing countries
3.c: Strengthen capacity for early warning, risk reduction and management of health risks

Health System Strengthening Outcome 1: Rebuilt and strengthened health systems: Infrastructure, HRH management, Procurement and Supply chain management; Outcome 2: Improved sector management and governance; Outcome 6: Improved sustainability of health sector financing

Non-communicable diseases, mental/health, substance abuse, road accidents
Communicable Diseases – HIV, TB, malaria, NTD, hepatitis, water-borne diseases
Women’s, Children’s and Adolescent’s Health
Non-communicable Diseases (including Substance abuse, Mental health, Road traffic accidents)

Determinants of Health: Environmental and Social (water, air, soil pollution and contamination)

Universal Health Coverage
(UHC is central focus of the strategic direction and approaches, Chapter 6 outlines – basic health services, social health protection arrangements, service delivery)

Health System Strengthening
(UHC is central focus of the strategic direction and approaches, Chapter 6 outlines – basic health services, social health protection arrangements, service delivery)

Women’s, Children’s and Adolescent’s Health

SDG2: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

Women’s, Children’s and Adolescent’s Health

Non-communicable Diseases
(including Substance abuse, Mental health, Road traffic accidents)

Determinants of Health

Universal Health Coverage

Health SDG areas

Provision in NHSS (What/Where/How)

Health system strengthening
Outcome 1: Rebuilt and strengthened health systems: Infrastructure, HRH management, Procurement and Supply chain management; Outcome 2: Improved sector management and governance; Outcome 6: Improved sustainability of health sector financing; Outcome 7: Improved healthy lifestyles and environment; Goal indicators: Life lost due to road traffic accidents; Suicide rate per; DALYs lost due to communicable diseases; Outcome indicator on Immunization coverage to prevent communicable diseases

Communicable diseases – HIV, TB, malaria, NTD, hepatitis, water-borne diseases
Strategic intervention: Collaborate with other sectors to enforce standards for air, water and food quality; Expand water quality surveillance

Universal health coverage
UMC is central focus of the strategic direction and approaches, Chapter 6 outlines – basic health services, social health protection arrangements, service delivery; barrier

Women’s and children’s health
Women’s and children’s health

Socio-economic determinants of health
Multi-sectoral approach to address socio-economic determinants of health

Health SDG areas

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